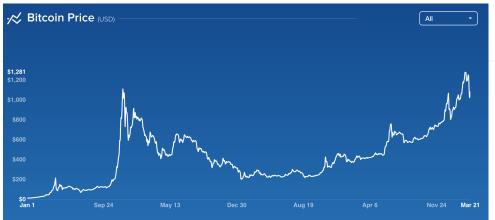


BUY AND SELL DIGITAL CURRENCY \$1,281 \$1,200 \$1,000 \$800

Coinbase is the world's most popular way to buy, sell, and use bitcoin and ethereum.



Our mission is to create an open financial system for the world

We've helped ~6M users in 33 countries exchange \$6B in & out of digital currency

- —cross-border remittances
- -merchants can accept bitcoins with no chargeback risk
- -alternative investment

Bitcoin is instant & non-reversible

Hardest payment fraud & security problems in the world



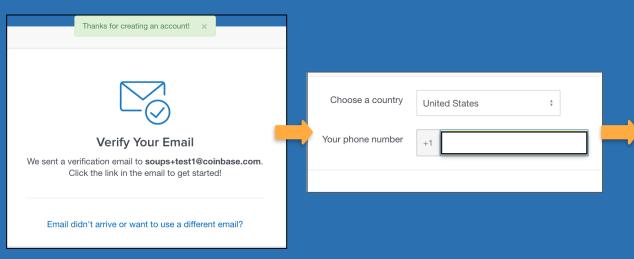
What does it take to solve it?

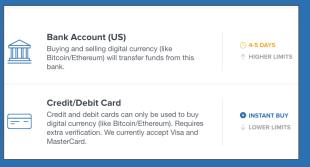
Agenda

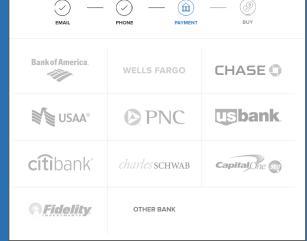
- Payment fraud
- Account takeovers

Payment Fraud

Coinbase Sign-up Flow







What does fraud at Coinbase look like?



1. Steals Alice's bank account info or credit card number



2. Steals **Bob's** identity

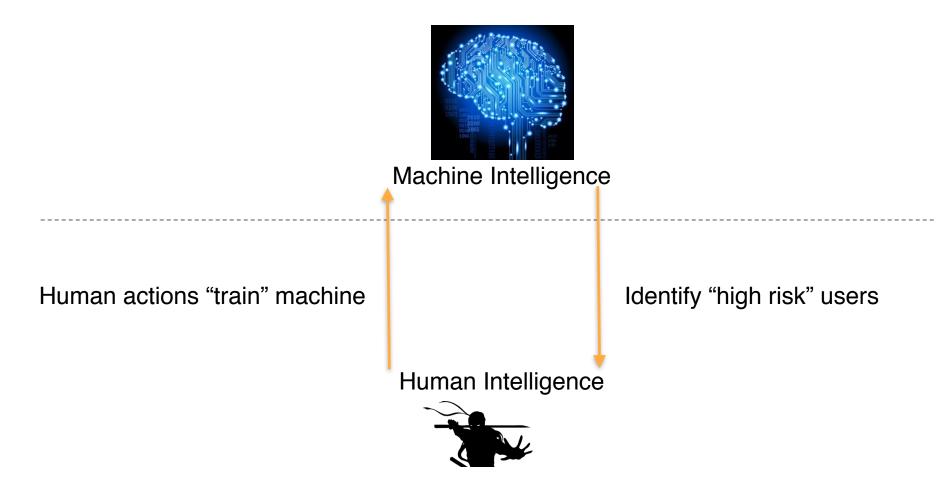
3. Steals <u>Carl's</u> mobile phone (call forwarding, SIM swap, etc)

Alice disputes the purchase



Coinbase returns funds back to Alice

Fraud Prevention: Human meets Machine Intelligence



Supervised Machine Learning

Precog: Supervised Machine Learning

The state of the s

- Train a model with two labels:
 - Fraud vs. Non-fraud

- Collect signals from user as they are signing-up
 - Fingerprint: Device, Browser, Location
 - Email, Phone number, ID, SSN, Bank → name, address

Use ML model to get risk-score for each user

Why does Machine Learning work to detect fraud?

Name & Address Mismatches across different sources

- Names may mismatch for regular users as well:
 - e.g. "Jonathan Kim" vs. "Jon Kim"
 - Use distance measures: Jaccard Similarity or Levenshtein

Why does Machine Learning work to detect fraud?

Broken Window Theory



Velocity based Signals

Signal	Attribute	Ban Rate	Probability this distribution would occur naturally
screen_res	1364x768	55.83%	< 0.1%



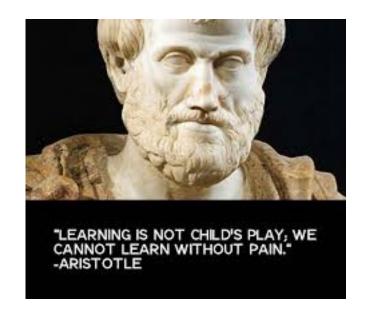
How do we use the risk score?

Before: Ban users with risk score > X



Now: Determine user's purchase limits

Paying to train our ML model

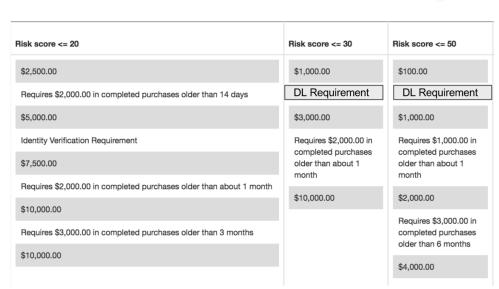


How does your purchase limit evolve?

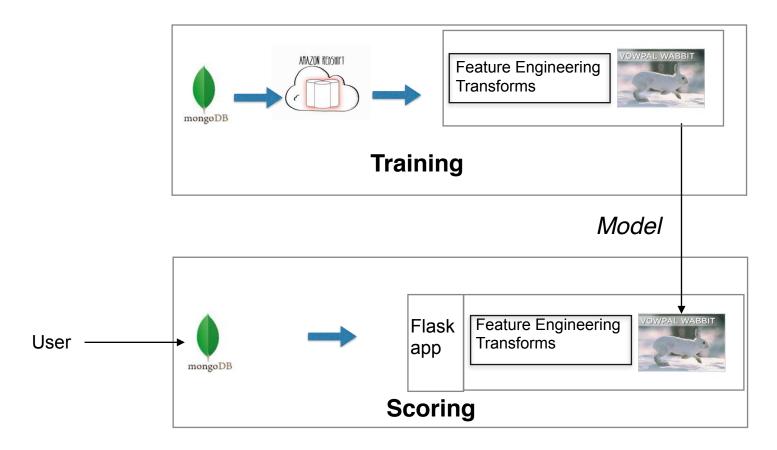


Risk Score

- Purchase volume
- Time (Aging of funds w/ no reversals)
- Verifications



Precog: ML training and scoring



Logistic Regression - Feature Selection

Generalizable models work better with unseen data

- use regularization to remove less important features
- cross validation to pick hyper-parameter

If two signals are 100% correlated with each other

- L1-regularization will pick one signal at random and other will be 0
- L2-regularization will pick both and give them equal coefficients

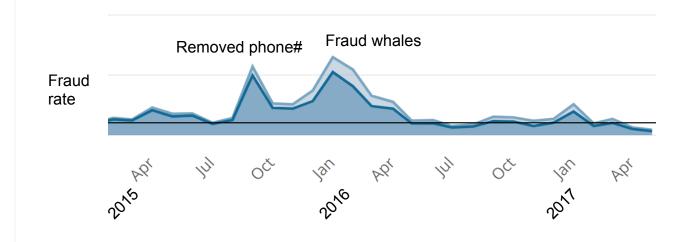
Metrics

Machine Learning:

• Log loss: how close is P(fraud) to 1 (0) for fraud (good)

Business:

• Fraud rate: Loss (\$) / Purchase volume (\$)



When an ML model goes wrong

COINBASE limits are going crazy (self.Bitcoin) submitted 12 months ago by [deleted]

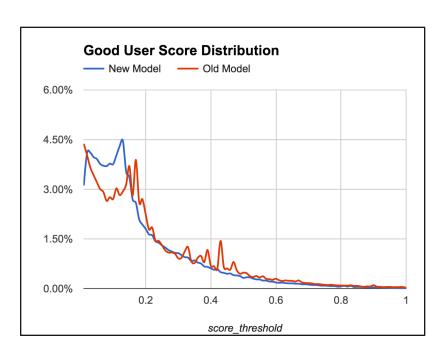
Yesterday I posted about having my limit lowered to \$25 out of the blue. Hours later it reverted to \$2000. Today I just logged in and it was \$80. I update my case from yesterday and five minutes later my limits changed again(received emaill) and the limits were \$1000 daily. \$80 weekly.

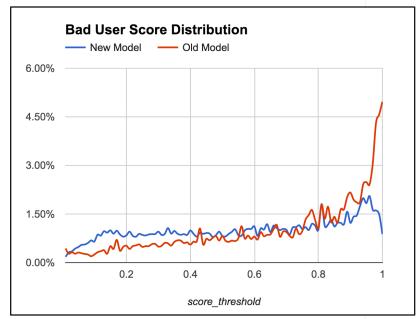
I just checked again and they are back at \$2000

Model deployment — 1

Compare challenger model against production in shadow mode

- Deploy challenger model in shadow mode
- Compute distributions for user samples (good and bad)



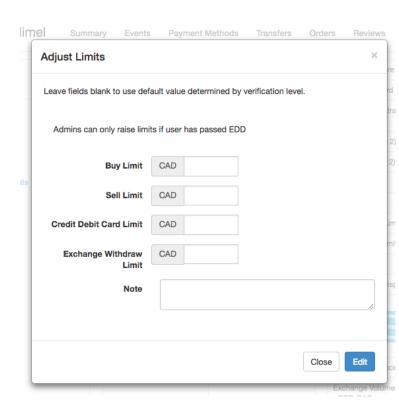


Model deployment −2

Estimate impact to whales (high \$ value users)

Accept false positives if overall model accuracy goes up

Lock their scores and purchase limits



Production A/B Test

Is model with best AUC or Logloss also best in fraud rate?

- A/B test to compare Production model vs. Challenger model
- Compute fraud rate over 2-3 months
- Challenger model promoted to production if its better in fraud-rate

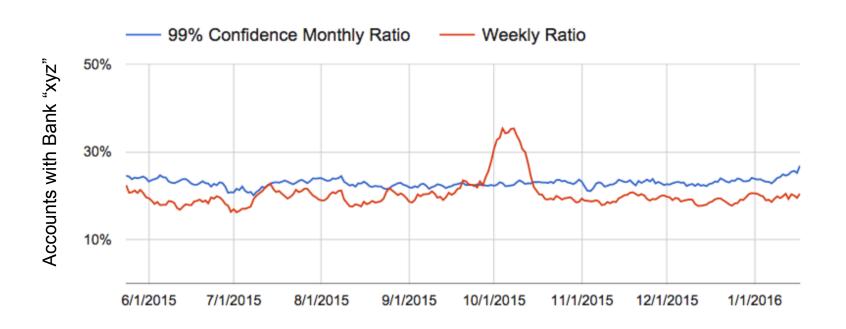
Unsupervised Machine Learning

Where does supervised machine learning fail?

- Problem:
 - Chargeback window is large (ACH: 60 days, Cards: 6 months)
 - Need to detect a new scammer trend before the window

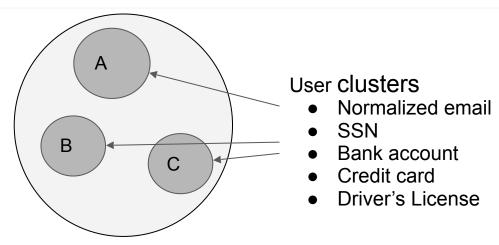
- Unsupervised approaches to quickly extrapolate "human intuition":
 - Anomaly Detection
 - Related user modeling
 - Rules engine

Anomaly Detection: Identify trends before chargebacks

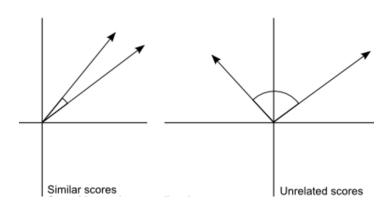


Related Users Detection: Identify accounts controlled by same individual

Deterministic:Linking users by attributes



Probabilistic:Cosine similarity



Custom Rules Engine

Create and retire rules quickly

Rule Actions

- Ban user
- Lock risk score to high value
- Require Facematch

```
# Added 11/28/2016 by Tom Boice
JPMORGAN VERIZON = {
    'name': 'JPMORGAN_VERIZON',
    'action': 'lock_risk_score-75',
    'criteria': {
        'all_payment_issuers': ['JPMORGAN'],
        'primary_phone_provider': ['Verizon'],
        'state': ['MI', 'GA', 'IL', 'NY']
# Added 12/3/2016 by Tom Boice & Devon Armistead
SCREEN_RES_1364 = {
    'name': 'SCREEN RES 1364',
    'action': 'fraud_restrict',
    'criteria': {
        'screen_res': ['1364x768']
```

Case Study: "Verizon" Debit Card ring

Verizon Debit Card Ring

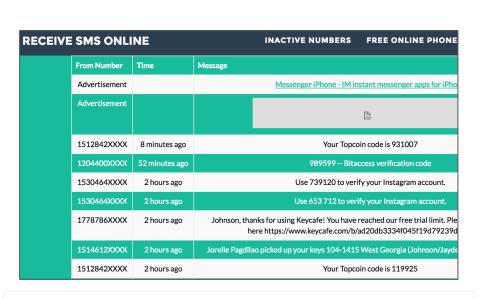


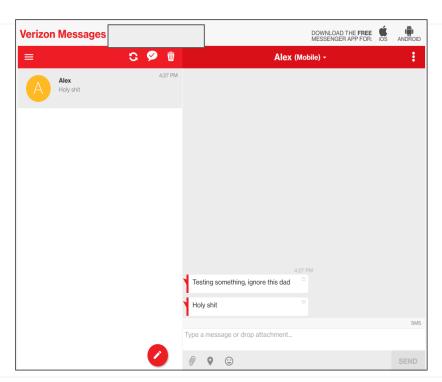


Ring Characteristics:

- Stolen debit cards
- Photoshopped IDs
- Stolen Verizon phones to verify account

No physical device needed to receive SMS 2FA tokens





SMS 2FA tokens received on temporary phones

- SMS 2FA is readable online eg Verizon online portal
- ie SMS 2FA == telco password

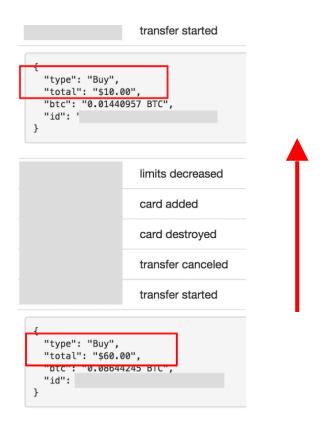
Ring detected via Anomaly Detection



Ring Detection:

- Scammer wasn't thorough
- Used same screen resolution: 1600 x
 1200

Risk engine automatically raises risk score



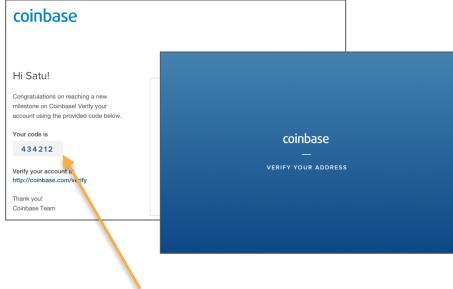
The games they play



Important to know user has the ID

Increasingly easy to obtain "stolen" IDs (Dropbox, social engineering scams)





Face Match: selfie + ID

Physical Address Verification:
Send a postcard to address on ID

Romance / Tech Support Scams

phone inside image

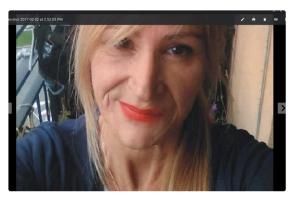


Selfie photos: Not fool proof

Photoshopped image (notice hair)



Image scraped from social media



Photoshopped elements

Face Match for laughs



Account Takeovers

Two factor Authentication (2FA)

If you store anything of value online, you must have two factors:

- Something you know (strong password)
- Something you always have (physical device)

Unfortunately, this is how 2FA was implemented everywhere

"Something you always have (physical device)"

- Physical device was equated to phone number
- Easy to steal phone number:
 - Delivery attacks: read SMS online, SMS hijacking
 - Phone number theft: phone porting

Account takeovers using SIM Swap

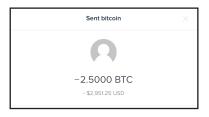


1. scammer finds name, password and phone#



2. scammer ports phone# to device under his control

Don't allow SMS 2FA



4. scammer logs in with password and 2FA and steals bitcoins



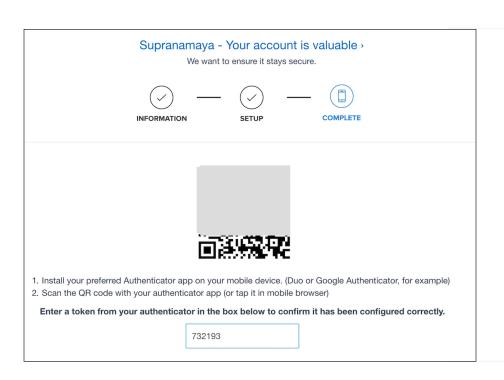
3. scammer now receives 2FA codes via SMS

Recommendations for Coinbase users

Passwords: Use a password manager

2FA: install Google Authenticator

Why Authenticator / TOTP apps?

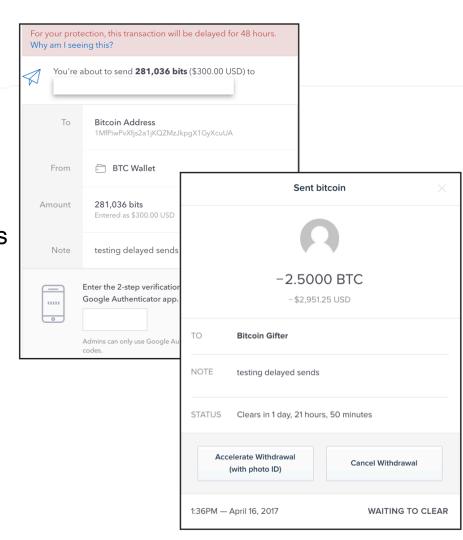


Authenticator: nothing ever sent in the air

- Time-based One Time Password (TOTP)
- Secret set up once using QR codes

Detecting Account Takeovers

- Still need to protect SMS users
- Association Rule Mining to discover ML rules
- Detect suspicious withdrawals
- Delay for 48-72 hours



Victim of account takeover

- Victim receives SMS / email
- Can lock their account

coinbase

Hi Soups Ranjan,

We need extra time to be sure this transaction is authorized. As a security precaution, this withdrawal will be delayed for 24 hours.

The transaction will automatically complete after the delay period, but can be canceled at any time before then. Please read <u>here</u> for more details.

If you believe your account activity is unauthorized, please click here to disable signin for your account.

Kind regards,

The Coinbase Team

Disable Signin

This process will do the following:

- · Disable the ability to signin to your account.
- Signout all currently signed in sessions.
- · Disable any linked OAuth applications.
- · Cancel any configured recurring transactions.

Please be sure this is what you want. Once your account is disabled, it will require our support team to unlock it after an investigation into any unauthorized access.

LOCK MY ACCOUNT

Protecting yourself online

Securing non-Coinbase sites

If you have Gauth on Coinbase, you are all set!

But many online sites still only support SMS based 2FA:

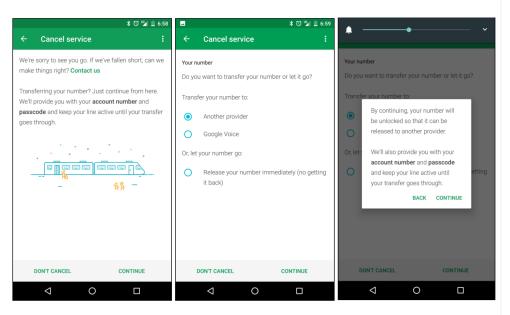
Call up telcos and put a SIM lock:

- Tell them you are already compromised
- ask them to only allow porting when you are in-store & ask for your ID

If on Android phone, move to Google Fi:

No call centers, no social engineering

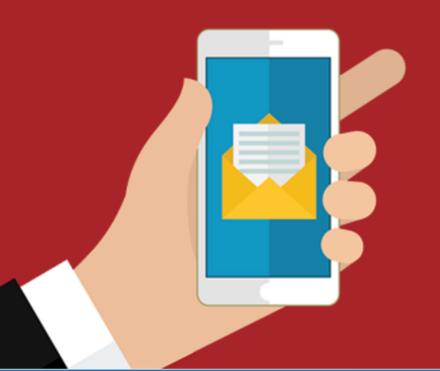
Google Fi - one more thing

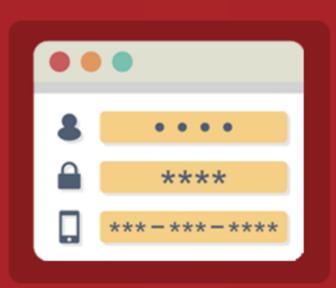


Gmail + Google Fi => 2 factors reduced to 1

- both factors only protected by Google password
- With that password, attacker can stil port your Google Fi phone number
- Protect your Google account like a bank
- Use Gauth or Yubikey behind Google

SMS two-factor is Dead!







We are hiring: data eng, data analysts, ML eng

soups@coinbase.com

https://medium.com/@soupsranjan

Data & Risk team